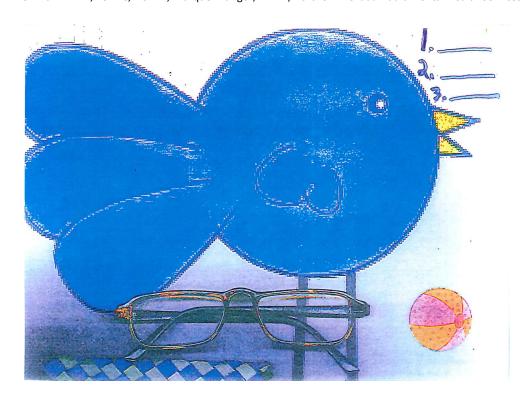
**Caring Boundaries: Codependency** 

## Live Better Series: "I can live a vital and meaningful life."

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<u>Bluebird:</u> I can live a vital, meaningful life. And, I accept I will sometimes have pain, and other times have joy, in my life.

New Pair of Glasses: to change my life, and grow in wisdom, I need to look at things differently. Beach ball: I need to stop avoiding my life by pushing thoughts and feeling underwater. By being mindful, I will let my thoughts and feelings come up and accept them for what they are. Finger trap: It is healthy for me to "accept what is as it is". When I struggle against "what is", I trap myself and cause suffering for myself. Accepting does not necessarily mean I like it.

1, 2, 3: I can live a vital and meaningful life by choosing and committing to values that are important to me—NIKE Therapy "Just do it!", make a plan, don't procrastinate, take action. Letting go and letting be is also a way of taking positive action.

It's not always easy to maintain loving, caring relationships.

When someone we love has a crisis or chronic physical or mental illness or an addiction it's sometimes very difficult to have the wisdom to know

- -- When and how to step in and help
- --when it's the most loving and effective thing to not be involved, to let go

Have you ever had this dilemma before, or has your family had this dilemma with you—whether the loving thing is to get involved or to let go? Explain

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How can it nurt the one we love if we step in and neip too much?	
What does it mean to be over-responsible/over controlling? Can yo	u
give an example from your life?	
What does it mean—to let go, and let the person work things out themselves and experience the consequences of the behavior	_
Can you give a positive or negative example of this from your life?	
The following are "red flags" that you may be involved in a "codependent relationship pattern": circ ones that apply to you, and discuss. (with permission of Dr. Timen Cermack)	le
excessive worry about the person you care about	
trying to control the behavior of the one you care about	
Feeling responsible for that person's behaviorfeeling guilty about not doing enough	
Taking over that person's responsibilitiescovering up what is going on with them	
not taking care of your own needs, but spending time and energy helping others get their needs me	et
Often feeling overwhelmed or inadequate, feeling fatigued	
making excuses for the person you care for	
Frequent anxietyfrequent sadnessfrequently recuing him/her	

Healthy self-care: 9 healthy caring strategies. Please check off strategies you will continue or add.

- 1. Continue to be responsible, but let go of trying to control
- 2. Ask for help from others
- 3. Set boundaries for yourself and communicate this with the person you are helping
- 4. Have to courage to let go...when appropriate, let the person experience the consequences of their behavior...and let go of any guilt you may have about doing this
- 5. Accept and be at peace with your limitations
- 6. Develop a strong plan of your own self-care(physical, emotional, spiritual)
- 7. Forgive yourself for mistakes you have made
- 8. Forgive others for mistakes they've made
- 9. Accept that you can change yourself; you cannot change others—maybe influence them, but change—no.